



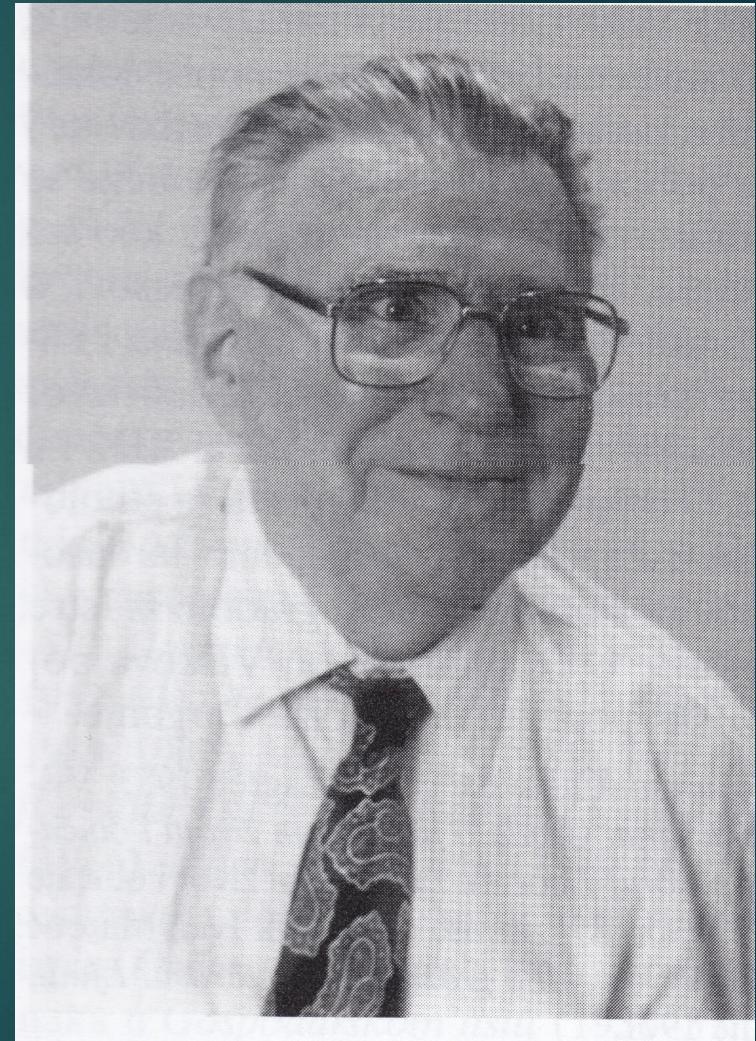
ZBIRKA JERE JAREBA

KNJIŽNICA HRVATSKOG INSTITUTA ZA POVIJEST

MARTINA JURČIĆ, PROF./DIPL. BIBLIOTEKAR

Tko je Jere Jareb?

- ▶ hrvatski i američki povjesničar
- ▶ rođen 1922. u Šepurinama na Prviću
- ▶ školovanje u Šibeniku i Zagrebu
- ▶ 1941.-1945. objavljuje političke i povijesne članke (*Ustaška mladež, Nova Hrvatska*)
- ▶ U svibnju 1945. napušta Hrvatsku
- ▶ 1945.-1951. Klagenfurt
- ▶ 1952. SAD



Znanstveni rad u SAD-u

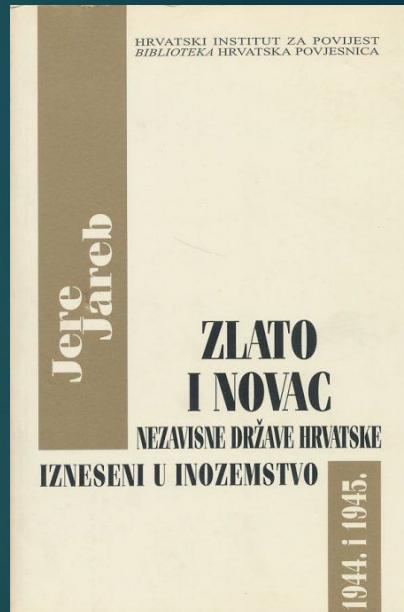
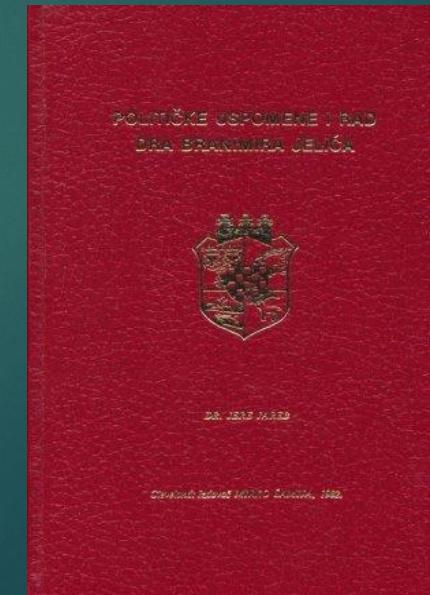
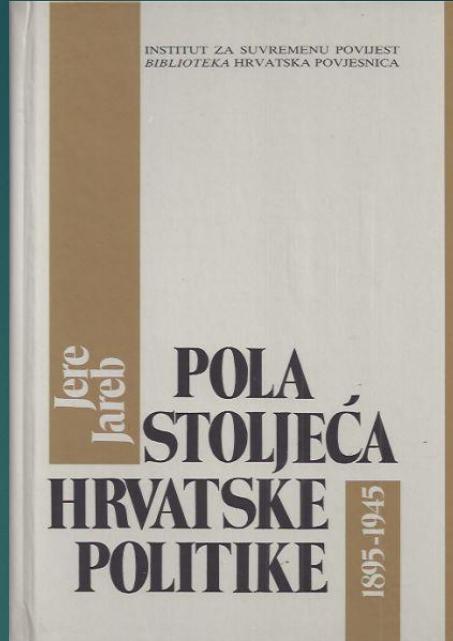
- ▶ 1955. na Columbia University u NY diplomirao povijest
- ▶ 1964. doktorirao s tezom *Jadransko pitanje od primirja 1918. do Orlandovog pada, lipnja 1919.*
- ▶ Od 1963. predavao je europsku povijest na Rutgers University u New Brunswicku, New Jersey
- ▶ od 1966. na Saint Francis College u Loretto, Pensylvania
- ▶ Od 1970. predstojnik Odsjeka za povijest i političke znanosti
- ▶ Umirovljen 1992. kao profesor emeritus

Područje znanstvenog rada

- ▶ hrvatska povijest 1895.-1945., posebice ustaški pokret i NDH
- ▶ istaknute osobe toga razdoblja (B.Jelić, M. Budak, E.D. Kvaternik)

Djela:

- ▶ *Pola stoljeća hrvatske politike.* Buenos Aires 1960.
(Pretisak 1995.)
- ▶ *Političke uspomene i rad dra Branimira Jelića.*
Cleveland 1982.
- ▶ *Zlato i novac Nezavisne Države Hrvatske izneseni u inozemstvo 1944. i 1945.* Zagreb 1997.
- ▶ *Državno gospodarstveno povjerenstvo Nezavisne Države Hrvatske od kolovoza 1941. do travnja 1945. godine.* Zagreb, 2001.



Surađuje u brojnim časopisima

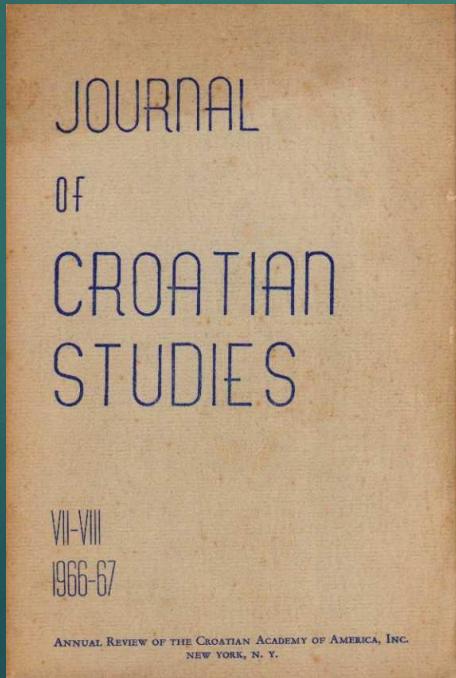
- ▶ Hrvatska revija
- ▶ Journal of Croatian Studies (New York)
- ▶ Hrvatski glas (Winnipeg)
- ▶ Jubilarni zbornik Hrvatske revije 1951-1975 (Munchen-Barcelona 1976.)

Nakon uspostave samostalne RH i u publikacijama:

- ▶ Globus
- ▶ Časopis za suvremenu povijest
- ▶ Marulić
- ▶ Vjenac
- ▶ Kolo

Hrvatska akademija Amerike

- ▶ 1953. jedan od osnivača i prvi izvršni tajnik
- ▶ 1982-88. predsjednik
- ▶ 1960. suurednik *Jornal of Croatian Studies*



Povijest zbirke

- ▶ Početkom 1990-ih, osobnu knjižnicu daruje Hrvatskom institutu za povijest
- ▶ dr.sc. Mario Jareb odlazi u SAD i 6 mj. popisuje, priprema i pakira knjige za selidbu
- ▶ 1997. zbirka dolazi u Institut
- ▶ 2003. naknadno pridružene još neke knjige
- ▶ 2006. većina knjiga je inventarizirana



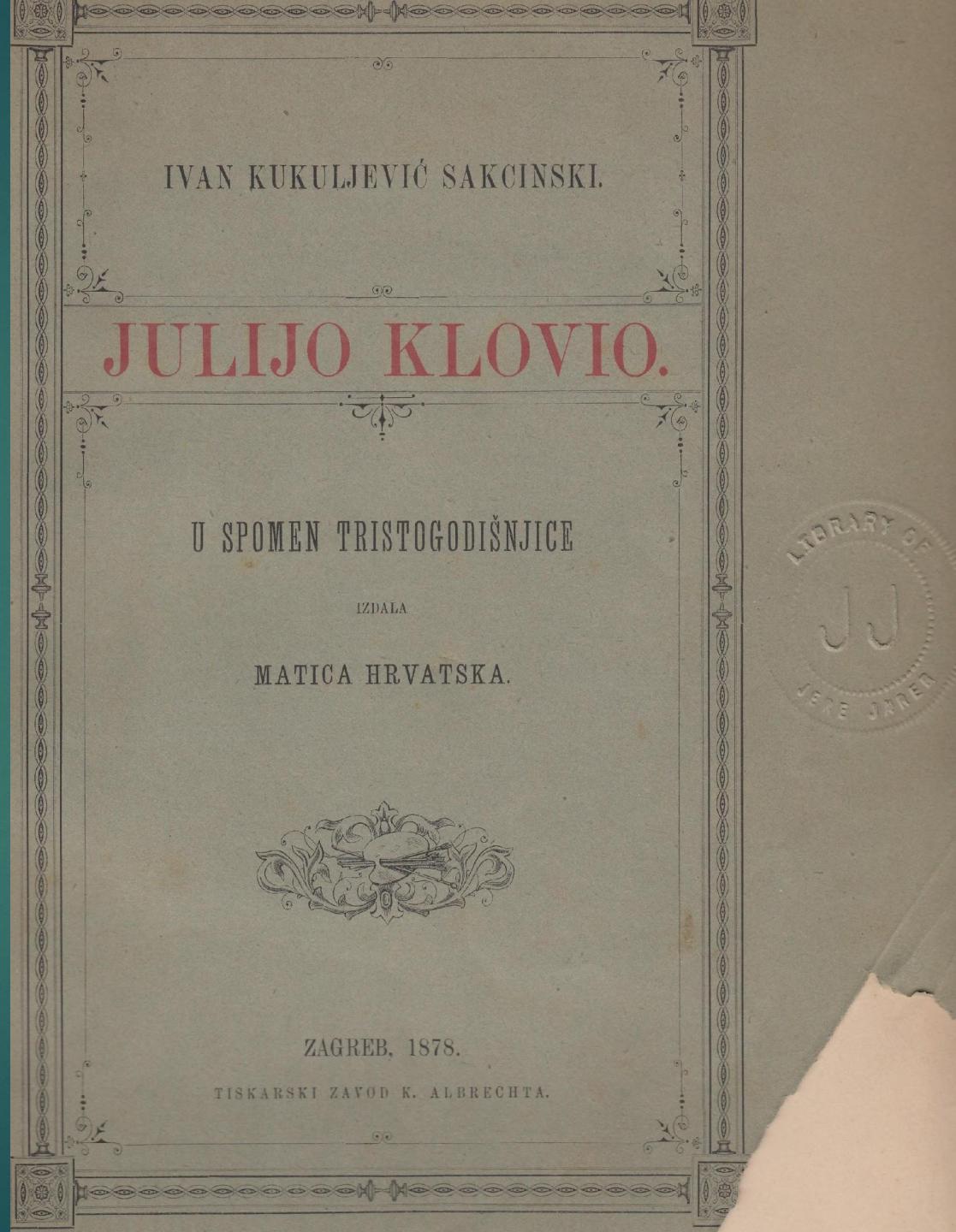
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- ▶ 4487 svezaka časopisa (103 naslova)
- ▶ Jezici: hrvatski, srpski, engleski, njemački, talijanski, španjolski, francuski, portugalski, slovenski.....
- ▶ Teme: povijest, kultura, politika, književnost, diplomacija, biografije, međunarodni odnosi, religije, Crkva,...



Vrijednost zbirke

- ▶ literatura stranih autora o Hrvatskoj i Jugoslaviji
- ▶ Emigrantske publikacije (knjige, kalendari, brošure, časopisi, spomenice...)
- ▶ Stare publikacije (polovina 19.st)



1-6-177.

Zakoniti odnošaji

Hrvatske, Dalmacije i Slavonije

prema

Austriji i Ugarskoj.

II Hrvatski institut za povijest
Knjižnica dr. Jere Jareba

Autor: Ivan Lukaljević
Sahciński
(prema podacima
Iv. kujč.)

U Zagrebu.

Knjigotiskarna Dragutina Albrechta.

1865.

The Croatian Immigrants In America

George J. Prpic



Starom prijatelju
Jeri Jarebn,
hrvatskom projesnicam
i njezinoj cijelosti
od Ceeiji

Želim sve najbolje,
dagom sededen
prodrav i nadem se
da će Jere negdje
pisati o kajži.

Vas

Jure Prpic'

14. listopada
1971

Jere Mandic

The TRUTH ABOUT YUGOSLAVIA

A Documentary Record

JJ

Hrvatski institut za povijest

5c

Knjižnica dr. Jere Jareba

Introduction

WE, THE undersigned Americans of Yugoslav birth, consider the ensuing documents dealing with the Partisan-Mikhailovich issue in Yugoslavia of great potential historical importance, and have decided to sponsor their collected publication in the United States for the reason that the general American press has chosen to virtually ignore them.

January 15, 1943

(Signed)

LOUIS ADAMIC
ZARKO BUNCICH
YOVAN KRAYNOVICH
MIRKO MARKOVICH
TONY MAYNARICH
FRANO PETRINOVICH
YANKO ROGELJ
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Knjižnica dr. Jere Jareba

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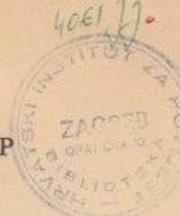
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Tvorac pri Stjepan
Jere Jareba a. Kadić

VLADIMIR SOLOVIEV AND BISHOP
STROSSMAYER

ANTE KADIC



THE DIVISION OF THE SLAVIC NATIONS into Catholic and Orthodox is the main reason usually given for their mutual distrust and sometimes bitter hatred. Though this is, unfortunately, the general case, there are, nevertheless, exceptions. The Croats, a Catholic nation, have had a great admiration for, and a deep attachment to, the Orthodox Russians since the sixteenth century.¹ What is most surprising is that this unmotivated, decidedly emotional relationship with "mother" (*matuska*) Russia was furthered by some of the most prominent members of the Catholic clergy: for example, Juraj Križanić, Antun Kanižić, Andrija Kačić-Miošić,² Franjo Rački, and Josip J. Strossmayer.

I do not intend in this paper to discuss this fascinating trend within the ranks of the Croatian spiritual elite which, while remaining unshaken in its ancestral faith, nevertheless looked toward "the third Rome" and sincerely hoped that one day, under the auspices of the Tsar, all Slavic nations would enjoy freedom and even religious unity. Rather I shall try to show how Bishop Strossmayer (1815-1905), following in the footsteps of Križanić and completely supported by his intimate friend Rački (1828-94),³ immediately welcomed the ecumenic activity of Vladimir Soloviev. Strossmayer did everything he could to help Soloviev in his magnificent, though unrealistic, enterprise; the failure of Soloviev's ambitious program did not shake their mutual respect and friendship. Both Soloviev and Strossmayer were truly prophetic visionaries, concerned only with ways of bridging the fatal

¹ Cf. *Hrvatska svjedočanstva o Rusiji*, Josip Badalić, ed. (Zagreb, 1945); D. Stremojković, *Vladimir Solovjev et son œuvre messianique* (Paris, 1935), p. 192 ("Une vieille tradition croate de sympathies slaves et d'efforts pour réunir les Eglises"); Milan Prelog, "Rusko-Jugoslavenski odnosi u prošlosti," in *Ruski Arhiv*, VII (1930), 9-27.

² The Jesuit Antun Kanizić (1699-1777) wrote a theological treatise, *Kamen pravi smutnjike velike* (The True Source of the Great Trouble) (Osijek, 1780), in which he insisted that the Slavic nations were not guilty of the Schism, but that only the Greeks were; for the Slavs the Schism is the greatest curse (*Stari pisici hrvatski*, Vol. 26, 1940, p. 36). A century before Kanizić, as we shall see later, Križanić wrote in the same spirit and almost in the same words. The Franciscan Andrija Kačić-Miošić (1704-60), in his celebrated *Rasgovor ugodni naroda slovinskoga* (Pleasant Discourse of the Slavic People) (Venice, 1756), spoke about the Bulgarian and Serbian nations with the same pride and tenderness with which he spoke about his own Croatian; it is no surprise that his book (often called "The Book of Poems") became equally popular among Orthodox and Catholics (cf. Ante Kadić, "The Importance of Kačić-Miošić," in *The Slavic and East European Journal*, XVI [1958], 109-14).

³ Though one should disregard his bombastic Introduction, the best selection of Rački's writings is to be found in Viktor Novak's, *Franjo Rački u govorima i raspravama* (Rački as Reflected in His Speeches and Articles) (Zagreb, 1925).

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BRANKO M. PEŠELJ *

Knjižnica dr. Jere Jareba
Yugoslav Laws on Foreign Investments†

The investment of foreign capital in the economy of a socialist ** state is not entirely new. During the N.E.P. period of the Soviet Union, from 1921 to 1928, substantial amounts of foreign capital in various forms were injected into the Soviet economy under the system of the so-called concession.¹ Indeed, these capital investments enabled the rapid recovery and expansion of Soviet economic power which had been almost completely ruined by the Bolshevik revolution and the subsequent civil war.²

* LL.B., J.S.D., University of Zagreb (Yugoslavia); Ph.D., Georgetown University; M. Comp. Law, George Washington University. Former member of the Yugoslav Bar, member of the D.C. Bar. Adjunct professor of law, Georgetown University.

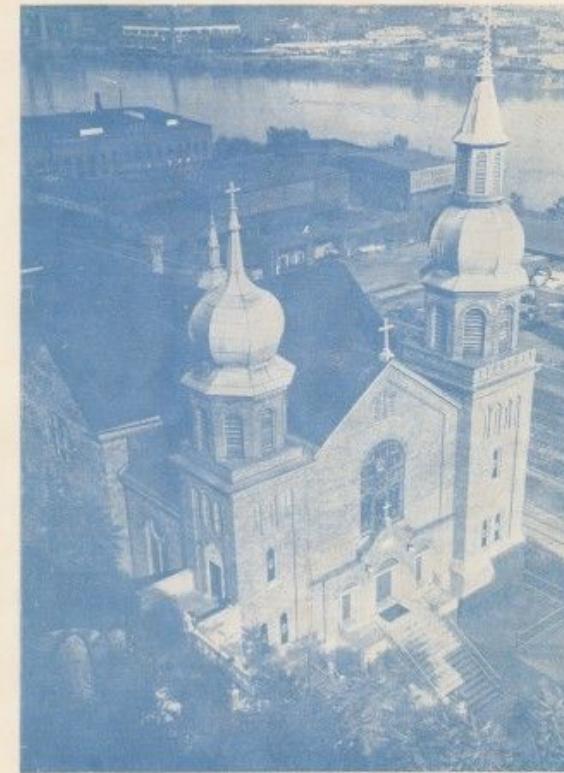
† The *International Lawyer* is grateful for the special editorial assistance of Bryce McAdoo Clagget with this article. Mr. Clagget, a partner in Covington and Burling, is a member of the D.C. Bar and a graduate of Princeton University and Harvard Law School.

** Throughout this article "socialist" is given the meaning which "Communist" bears in conventional English language.

¹ The legal basis for the concessions and their necessity to the Soviet economy were established by "The Decree of the Council of People's Commissaries of the RSFSR," of November 23, 1920 (printed in English translation in Zile, *Ideas and Forces in Soviet Legal History*, Madison, Wis., 1967, pp. 94-95). For further information on this subject, see Gsovski, *Soviet Civil Law I*, Ann Arbor, Mich., 1948, pp. 363-364; *id.*, Vol. II, p. 68; Freund, "Die Koncessionen in Sovjetrussland," *Auslandsrecht*, Berlin, Vol. 6, No. 3 (1925); Potscher, "Wesen und Recht der Koncessionen," *Deutschland und Sovjetrussland*, Jena, 1928; Hwang, *Le régime des concessions en Russie Soviétique*, Paris, 1929; Goldstein & Rapport, "Das Koncessionswesen in der Sowjetunion," *Das Sowjet Wirtschaftsrecht in Geschaeftsverkehr mit dem Auslande*, II, Berlin, 1931. Another socialist country which has permitted foreign capital participation on a limited scale is Bulgaria. See "The Decree of the Council of Ministers on the Model Statute of a Foreign Trade Corporation," February 7, 1967, *Derzhaven Vestnik*, Sofia, No. 19-1967; see also the Statute of the Bulgarian Foreign Trade Bank, *id.*, No. 19-1964.

² Keller, *Ost minus West=Null, Der Aufbau Russlands durch den Westen*, Muenchen, 1960; Knorre, "Der Aufbau des Auseinandelsmonopols," *Osteuropa Handbuch, Sowjetunion*, Koeln-Graz, 1965, pp. 461-484.

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Naslov: Croatia in its ethnic and historical boundaries : proposal of the Croatian National Congress for a peaceful secession of present republics of Croatia and Bosnia and Herzegovina from Yugoslavia and their reunification in common, free and independent Croatian State (Preliminary draft) / Stanko Vujica, Janko Skrbin, Bozidar Abjanic.

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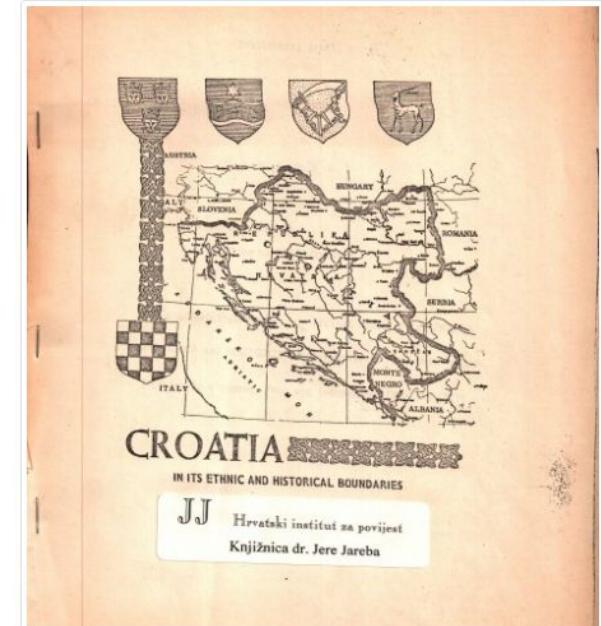
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Pojam



Natrag



The crimes of the Fascist occupants and their collaborators against Jews in Yugoslavia / [Edited by Zdenko Löwenthal]



Naslov The crimes of the Fascist occupants and their collaborators against Jews in Yugoslavia / [Edited by Zdenko Löwenthal]

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Impresum Federation of Jewish Communities of the Federative People's Republic of Yugoslavia 1957.

Materijalni opis XIX, 42, 245 str. : ilustr. ; 25 cm.

Urednik Löwenthal, Zdenko

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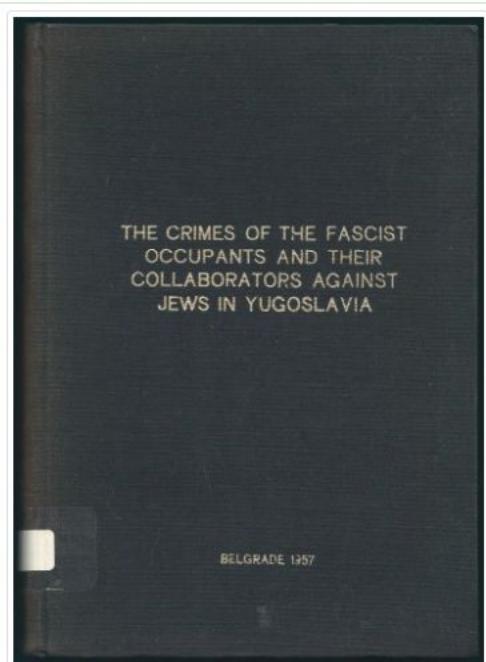
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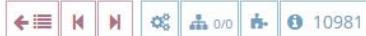
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⁸¹ The end of the Tito era : Yugoslavia's dilemmas / Slobodan Stanković.



Naslov The end of the Tito era : Yugoslavia's dilemmas / Slobodan Stanković

Impresum Stanford : Hoover Institution Press, 198

Materijalni opis 154 str. ; 23 cm

Autor Stanković, Slobodan

Zbirka Jere Jareb

Signature HID: 111323-20 STA

ISBN 0817973621

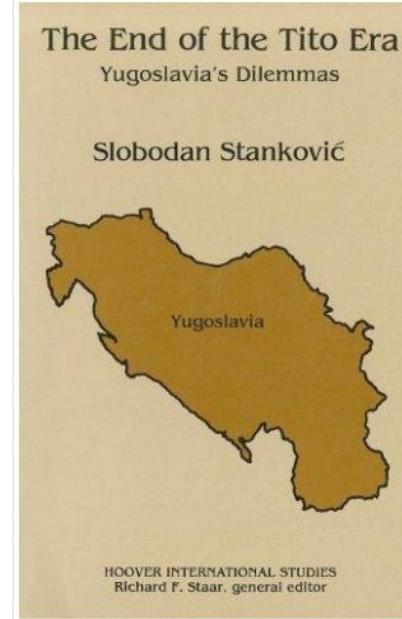
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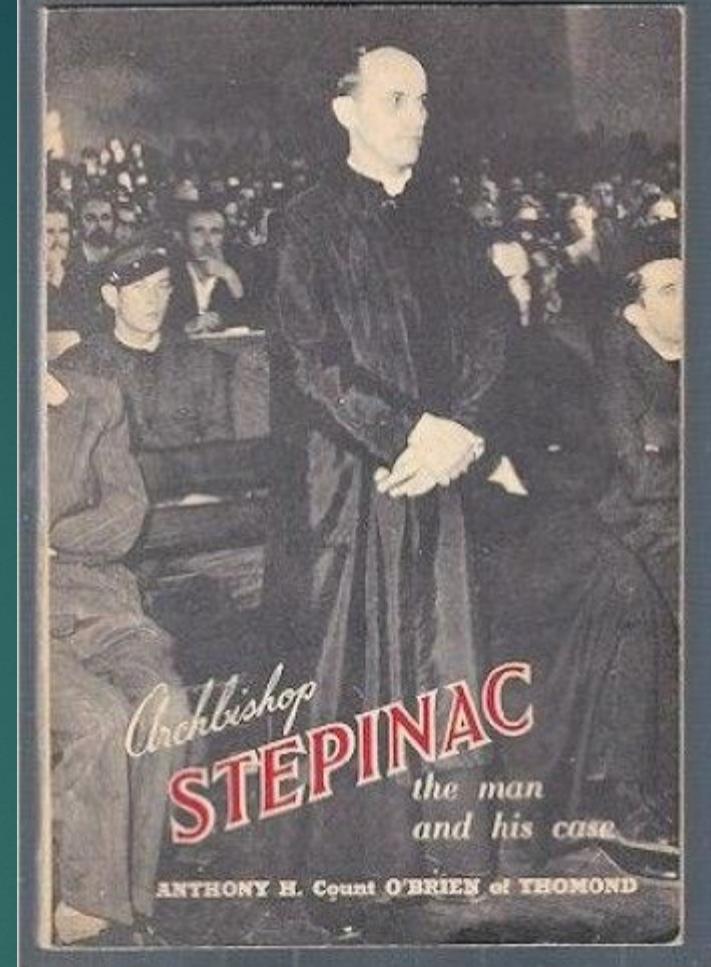
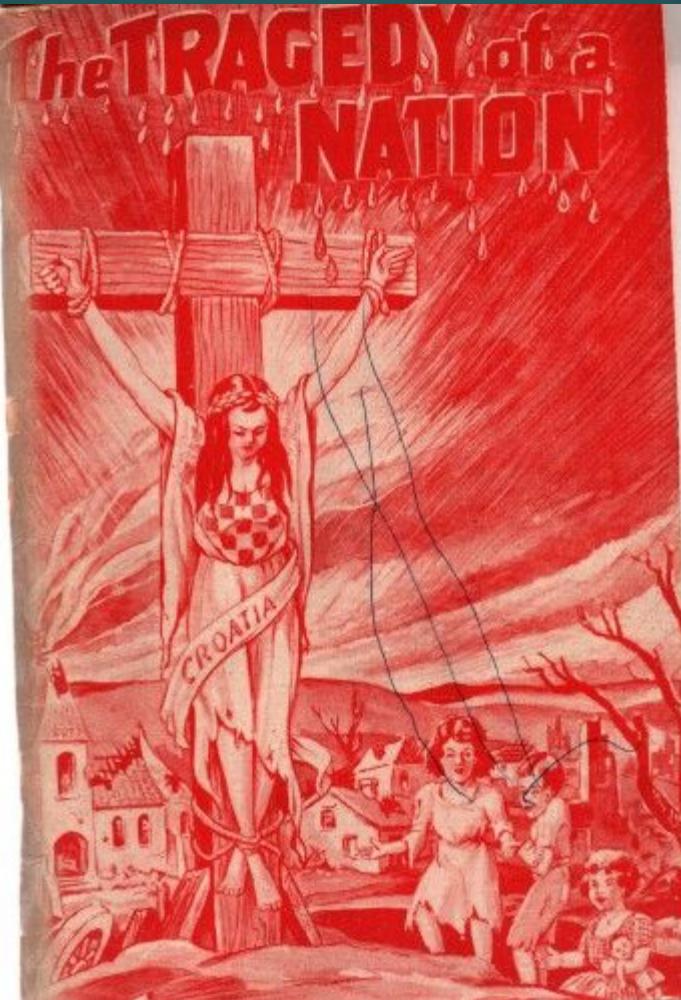
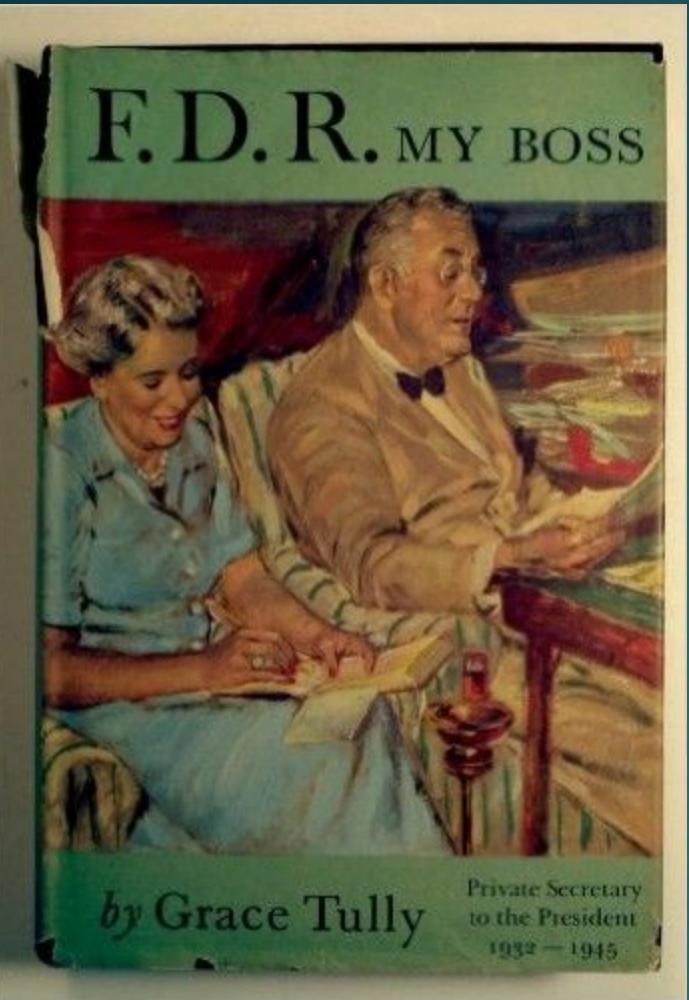
Napomena Knjižnica dr. Jere Jareba

Sažetak the year since Tito's death, Yugoslavia's situation and outlook have been marked by uncertainty and confusion despite the absence of acute crisis. Radio Free Europe's long-time Yugoslav expert, who has a deep knowledge of the country and its problems, shares some of it here, but his book tends to reflect the confusion rather than clarify what the new directions are or will be. The general forecast, in any case, is a pessimistic one.

URL sažetka <https://www.foreignaffairs.com/reviews/capsule-review/1981-06-01/end-tito-era-yugoslavias-dilemmas>



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